***Chapter 4 : Planning***

***CBSE 2012 (ONE MARK)***

**Q1. “ Planning is done for achieving organisational goals. “ Do you agree? Give reasons.**

**Yes, because planning contributes to achievement of organisational goals because specific goals are set out in plans along with the activities to be undertaken to achieve goals.**

**CBSE 2013 (1 MARK)**

**Q. To see whether plans are being implemented and activities are being performed according to the schedule is a step of planning process. Identify the step.**

**Follow up action**

**CBSE 2009 ( 1 mark)**

**Q. WHY IS PLANNING A PREREQUISITE FOR CONTROLLING?**

**PLANNING PROVIDES STANDARDS…. CORRECTIVE ACTION**

**PG 114 S DEY**

**CBSE 2008 ( ONE MARK)**

**Q. INSPITE OF MANY ADVANTAGES STATE HOW PLANNING CAN BE DETRIMENTAL.**

**BECAUSE UNFORESEEN EVENTS AND CHANGES, RISE IN PRICES AND COSTS, GOVERNMENT INTERVENTIONS, LEGAL REGULATIONS, ALL AFFECT BUSINESS PLANS. PLANS THEN NEED TO BE MODIFIED.**

**CBSE 2012 (1 MARK)**

**Q. “PLANNING ALWAYS LEADS TO SUCCESS” DO YOU AGREE?**

**NO, BECAUSE PLANNING MIGHT FAIL DUE TO SUDDEN CHANGE IN SOCIAL, ECONOMIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT. MANAGERS HAVE A TENDENCY TO RELY ON PREVIOUSLY TRIED AND TESTED SUCCESSFUL PLANS, BUT IT IS NOT ALWAYS TRUE THAT A PLAN WHICH HAS WORKED BEFORE WILL WORK AGAIN.**

**CBSE 2010 (ONE MARK)**

**Q. NAME THE TYPE OF PLAN WHICH IS IN FORM OF GENERAL STATEMENTS AND CHANNELISES ENERGIES TOWARDS A PARTICULAR DIRECTION.**

**POLICY**

**CBSE 2010 (1 MARK)**

**Q. NAME THE TYPE OF PLAN WHICH SPECIFIES THE STEPS TO CARRY OUT DIFFERENT ACTIVITIES IN A CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER.**

**PROCEDURE**

**CBSE 2008 (ONE MARK)**

**Q. WHICH TYPE OF PLAN HAS THE LEAST FLEXIBILITY AND WHY?**

**RULES, BECAUSE THEY REFLECT A MANAGERIAL DECISION THAT A CERTAIN ACTION MUST OR MUST NOT BE TAKEN. They ALLOW NO DISCRETION OR COMPROMISE IN THEIR APPLICATION.**

**CBSE 2012 (1 MARK)**

**Q. NAME THE TYPE OF PLAN WHICH PROVIDES THE PRESCRIBED WAYS IN WHICH A TASK HAS TO BE PERFORMED CONSIDERING THE OBJECTIVE.**

**METHOD**

**CBSE 2012 (1 MARK)**

**Q. NAME THE TYPE OF PLAN WHICH PROVIDES THE BROAD CONTOURS OF AN ORGANISATION’S BUSINESS.**

**STRATERGY**

**CBSE 2012 (1 MARK)**

**Q. NAME THE TYPE OF PLAN WHICH IS TIME BOUND AND LINKED WITH MEASURABLE OUTCOME.**

**OBJECTIVE/ BUDGET**

**CBSE 2012 (1 MARK)**

**Q. NAME THE TYPE OF PLAN WHICH DEFINES THE PARAMETERS IN WHICH A MANAGER MAY FUNCTION.**

**POLICY**

**CBSE 2012 (1 MARK)**

**Q. NAME THE TYPE OF PLAN WHICH TELLS WHAT IS TO BE DONE AND WHAT IS NOT TO BE DONE.**

**RULE**

**CBSE 2013 (1 MARK)**

**Q. NAME THE TYPE OF PLAN THAT DOES NOT ALLOW FOR ANY FLEXIBILITY OR DISCRETION.**

**RULE**